

Communication and Language

- Talking about family/ routines and special occasions.
- Following instructions in routines.
- Developing listening skills and phonological awareness.
- Developing social phrases e.g. 'good morning!'
- Asking why.
- Engaging in story times.

Physical Development

Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully:

 Lining up and queuing, following instructions, mealtimes, personal hygiene.

Gross Motor Skills:

- Develop confidence with movement and skills using equipment and space outdoors.
- Learning about the body, how it moves, changes and the senses.
- Getting changed, Ball skills.

Fine Motor Skills:

- Develop and refine fine motor skills and hand eye coordination needed for writing.
- Develop a good pencil grip.

Literacy

- Listen and enjoy sharing and joining in with a wide range of books, poems and songs.
- Phonics start to learn to read and write Phase 2 Little Wandle sounds.
- Develop listening and speaking skills in a range of contexts.
- Give meaning to marks they make. Understand that thoughts can be written down.
- Start to blend known sounds to read simple regular words e.g. mum, dad.
- Write their name with a name card or try to write it from memory.
- Sequencing familiar stories through the use of pictures to tell the story.

Understanding The World

- Talk about members of their immediate family and the relationship to them, name and describe people who are familiar to them.
- Begin to develop a sense of continuity and change by being able to compare characters from stories.
- Learn about themselves and special things in their own lives.
- Talk about the features of their immediate environment with visual representations e.g., around school, seating
 maps, nature area map and notice common signs and logos.
- Learn about the past- How has farming changed?
- RE: Being Special: Where do we belong?
- Science: Use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. Animals including humans –What is this part of my body called?









Expressive Art and Design

- Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.
- Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.
- Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.
- Develop storylines in their pretend play.
- DT- Basic Level Joins glue stick, PVA glue with a glue brush, PVA glue with a spreader, make glue from flour.
- Music- Use voices expressively and creatively (nursery rhymes) & body percussion

Ways to support at home

- Read and share stories every day- whether it is you reading a story or listening to one together on an audio devise as this develops children's vocabulary.
- Give your child lots of opportunities to make decisions, give opinions and discuss their feelings e.g. what fruit shall we buy? How does that story make you feel? What did you like best?
- Encourage mark making in lots of different ways e.g. using paints, pens, chalks on a pavement, sticks in mud etc.
- Play puzzle and threading activities to help develop hand-eye coordination.
- Encourage independence Allow your child to put their own shoes and coat on when you are going out. Encourage children to use the bathroom independently. Invite them to help you with household jobs e.g. pairing socks or laying the table.
- Noticing this is a maths skill, when out on walks or around the house ask your child what numbers they notice. It may be 2 chairs, 3 flowers etc. The idea is to develop the noticing skill so that subitising becomes automatic.
- Draw your child's attention to the world around them. Talk to them and encourage them to talk to you about things that they see, smell, hear and feel and the changes they notice throughout the year.

